## **Key to queens for species of** *Veromessor*

1 Psammophore well-developed, consisting of numerous, long, J-shaped hairs arranged in a
distinct row along basolateral margin of head 2
- Psammophore poorly-developed, consisting of numerous, short to medium length hairs
scattered across ventral surface of head; long J-shaped hairs sprarse or lacking 8
2 Anteromedial margin of clypeus with a small, blunt tooth or projection; in posterodorsal view,
medial and posteromedial surface of petiolar node usually weakly to moderately depressed or
concave; concolorous blackish to black; propodeal spines short and triangular, length much less
than width at base and length less than distance between their bases pergandei
- Anterior margin of clypeus entire, lacking a small medial tooth or projection; in posterodorsal
view, medial and posteromedial portion of petiolar node usually evenly rounded; concolorous
orangish or orangish-brown to reddish-brown or bicolored with head and mesosoma orange and
gaster blackish <u>or</u> if concolorous dark brownish-black, then propodeal spines elongate, length
greater than width at base and length similar to distance between their bases 3
3 Maximum basal width of scape greater than maximum preapical width 4
- Maximum basal width of scape less than to similar to maximum preapical width 6
4 Rugae on cephalic dorsum becoming faint to disappearing above level of ocelli, lacking on
posterior margin; in profile, rugae absent posterior to eyes smithi
- Rugae on cephalic dorsum continuing to posterior margin; in profile, rugae present posterior to
eyes 5
5 Posterior margin of frontal lobes notably constricted; in frontal view, base of scape
asymmetrical with ventral portion of anterior edge greatly expanded compared to dorsal edge

- Posterior margin of frontal lobes not notably constricted; in frontal view, base of scape mostly
symmetrical with ventral and dorsal portions of anterior edge similar in size or with dorsal edge
expanded more than ventral edgelobognathus
6 Rugae on cephalic dorsum continue onto posterior margin; propodeal spines elongate, length
greater than width at base and length similar to distance between their bases; restricted to the
Baja California peninsula of Mexicojulianus
- Rugae on cephalic dorsum fade and disappear posterad, posterior margins smooth and shining;
propodeal spines triangular, length less than width at base and length much less than distance
between their bases; only known from California and Nevada 7
7 In profile, anteroventral margin of postpetiole interrupted by a minute process, margin weakly
concave anterior to process; smaller (HW < 1.25 mm; ML < 2.00 mm); longitudinal rugae
present over most to all of katepisternum pseudolariversi
- In profile, anteroventral margin of postpetiole continuous, lacking a minute process; larger
(HW > 1.50 mm; ML > 2.75 mm); longitudinal rugae present on anterior and posterior portion of
katepisternum, central portion lacking rugae lariversi
8 Dorsal base of scape with a well-developed, horizontal flange; mesoscutellum with numerous
longitudinal rugae; medial lobe of clypeus with several coarse longitudinal rugae; hairs on scape
variable in length, longest hairs suberect to erect andrei
- Dorsal base of scape lacking a horizontal flange; mesoscutellum arugose, smooth and shining;
medial lobe of clypeus smooth and shining, lacking rugae, or rugae occasionally near anterior
margin; hairs on scape similar in length, all hairs decumbent9